

For the Herald.

RAIL ROAD AGAIN.

My Editor.—I am obliged to you for a copy of the article (in your proof) from your correspondent "Boston." He seems to have taken up the battle axe, not quite so much to defend the pamphlet which was the special object of my remarks, as to show his zeal for his own favorite route—he has evidently written upon impulse of the moment without carefully considering all he has said. I am glad however that his article has found a place in your columns, it may do us good to see that others are alive upon the subject of the rail-road.

True your correspondent is a little tart upon myself, yet it is no matter of regret that he speaks out his opinions with a good degree of spirit, feeling perhaps that his own favorite route may not be that perfect thing which he had hoped. I shall not quarrel with "Boston" because his opinions seem to conflict with mine; my only desire is that the public may have all the facts, and by whatever agency the facts may be brought before the public, I am content.—Yet it is due to that public, perhaps, that I should vindicate myself against the charge of falsehood, which "Boston" so confidently asserts. And to this is the main object of my reply, though I might proceed to state at length the reasons and the facts, aside from mere difference of grade, why another route should be preferred to the West River route, to reach this place from Brattleboro. I will give the sources of information upon which my statements were founded, and leave the public to judge, how "Boston" is warranted in saying there is no truth in them.

My information was directly from the Engineers who took the levels upon each route. The Engineers who took the level from the North end of the proposed tunnel, stated that the descent from the line of the tunnel to the level of Otter Creek, at the mouth of East Creek, was 1300 feet. That from the same point of the surface of the stream at Cuttingsville the descent was 800 feet, from the end of the tunnel to Cuttingsville, as I am advised, is about seven miles and from Cuttingsville to Otter Creek is eleven miles.

In February 1843 the level was taken from the village of Rutland to the summit in Mountholly, and it appears from the minutes of the Engineer, that the summit in Mountholly is 883 feet higher than the village, and the village is about 100 feet above Otter Creek—from the village to the summit, by the survey, is a little above 18 1/4 miles.

From these data I gather the following results: the whole descent from the tunnel to Otter Creek is about 72 feet per mile—to Cuttingsville 114 feet per mile and the tunnel is 316 feet higher than the summit in Mountholly.

I do not pledge myself for the accuracy of the Engineers, yet I know of no reason why their accuracy should be questioned. Though if either or both have been mistaken it is very desirable that the error should be known.

On my part there is no disposition to boast, and I most heartily thank your correspondent for the information, that we shall soon have a Rail-Road this way—and cheerily will I say "go ahead."

Your correspondent's letter will very probably afford occasion for more particular remarks another time.

THE GREEN MOUNTAIN BOYS—HOW THEY DO IT.

A correspondent of the Philadelphia U.S. Gazette, who was at the Vermont Whig State Convention, pays the following just compliment to the Green Mountain Boys.

It has always, till now, been somewhat surprising to me, that amid all the party fluctuations of the country, in which almost every other State has at times faltered and showed symptoms of instability in the Whig cause, this has held on its course with uniform fidelity, until it has acquired the appellation which it richly deserves, of the "Star that never sets." But of this praiseworthy steadfastness I have now, I think, discerned the cause. It is to be found, I apprehend, in the combined results of the intelligence and the systematic political action of the people. Every man in the Whig ranks feels it to be his imperative duty, and takes special and habitual pains thoroughly to inform himself on all the great interests of his country—and then, every school district in the State is organized in a permanent political association, that its auxiliary to a General State Association.—By this means, the party is able to number its adherents to a man; and if any are doubtful, they are immediately supplied with means and sources of information, and, if honest inquirers after truth and duty, are eventually brought fully into the Whig faith. To illustrate the force of this arrangement, and the character of the people, let me refer to a fact related to me by an eye witness. A leading locofoco orator from an adjoining State, a few days since, was holding forth in one of the most mountainous towns in the State, to a mass meeting, and after having exhausted all his energies to convince the people that his party and its leaders were in favor of a protective tariff (for both parties here are the firm friends of protection), he was asked at the close of his speech, "if he would object to a Whig making some remarks;" to which seeing none before him but plain farmers, he replied, with a jeer on his lips, as though the idea of an antagonist there were ridiculous, that "he had no objections—none whatever." At the word, up started a man with sun-burned face and callous hands—a plain, working farmer, with his coat hanging on his arm, and spoke for an hour, with such clearness and force, and traced with such exactness minutest of detail, the history and doings of the locofoco party for the last twenty years on the subject of the Tariff, that the people, with one accord, shouted their applause, and the swelling orator, used up from stem to stern, retired from the crowd, and left the town, confounded and dismayed. Such are the Whigs of Vermont.

JAMES G. BIRNEY'S TESTIMONY OF HENRY CLAY. In the Philanthropist of March 25th, 1836, Mr. Birney says:—"Mr. CLAY. It is with a keen sensation of pleasure—almost with delight—that we see this gentleman defending the right of his countrymen, to petition Congress, for the abolition of Slavery in the District of Columbia, and asserting the constitutional power of that body to accede to their requests.

"The God of the oppressed now presents for Mr. Clay's acceptance, honors that we hope to see take root in time, and bear their glorious fruit throughout eternity."

THE LOCOS—THE WHIG TARIFF. If the Locos are such strenuous supporters of the present Whig tariff as they pretend to be, they are most wantonly misrepresented in their party presses.

In proof of what we say, we give an extract from the Quincy (Illinois) Herald, of January 1844, about eighteen months after the passage of the Whig tariff.

"The Tariff.—Now that the business of the country is reviving, the Whig press are pestering themselves to find out an adequate cause. Most of them attribute our country's returning prosperity to the present tariff, passed by the coons during the last Congress."

"The Tariff, to be sure, has benefited the sugar planters of Louisiana, the salt manufacturers of New York, and the cotton and woolen establishments of New England. (The editor might also have included the iron manufacturers and the coal interests of Pennsylvania.) If this tariff exists in its present shape three years longer, these monopolists will have amassed princely fortunes. But to the great mass of the American people, the tariff, instead of being a benefit, has been a curse."

Here is another from a manufacturing State.—The New Haven Register:

"BLACK TARIFF AND THE FARMERS.—The late Whig Congress was just such a one as we might expect would follow a con. skin and hard cider election; and we are not sure but that it will enjoy the notorious reputation with us, which the 'Leak learning Parliament' does with the English. Among the many measures which received the approval of the body, there is none more disgraceful than the black tariff act, as it is appropriately called." From the North as well as the South, the cry is it is oppressive, unequal, and unjust.

IMPORTANT CORRESPONDENCE.—We give the annexed abstract from a correspondence between a Locofoco Committee in South Carolina and J. C. HOLMES, a member of Congress from that State. We ask those who set forth Mr. Polk as a friend of Protection to answer Mr. Holmes and the Committee.

Whatever may be your opinion of Mr. Polk's ability, in the event of his election, to effect a repeal of the tariff of 1842, and to break down the protective system, have you any doubt of the sincerity of his opposition to the entire system of protection, and the influence of his high office will be in good faith exerted to subvert it.

Mr. Holmes' answer:

I have no doubt of Mr. Polk's sincerity—when he declared his opposition to the entire system of protection, and if elected, he will endeavor to subvert it.

THE TENNESSEE BOYS.—IN NO STATE IN THE Union are the Whigs more active than in Tennessee. They hold a mass convention this month to which the Whigs of the whole Union are invited. Amongst the whole, the following are invited:

The Clay Guards, of Gallatin; Ashland Straightshoots, of Hopkinsville; Mill Boys of the Slashes, of Clarksville; One Diggers, of Dixon; Our Country's Guards, of Columbus; Ashlanders, of Lebanon; Fox Camp Blues and Jefferson Tigers of Rutherford; Clay Boys, of Franklin; Cedar Snags of Wilson; Clay Highlanders, of Murfreesboro; Mill Boys of the Slashes and the Cumberland Straightshoots, of Davidson; Straightshoots of 40; Harrison Guards and U.S. Clay Dragons of Nashville.

Northampton and Springfield Railroad.—The first four sections of this road, extending from the Western Railroad to Cabotville, are already in the hands of responsible contractors, who are to have it completed and ready on the first of November next. They are to commence operations the ensuing week. The road will, therefore, probably be ready for cars before the first of December next. We understand that the contracts have been taken at 12 or 15 per cent, under the estimates of the engineer.

Horrible Affair.—About 8 o'clock last evening, a horrible accident occurred in Fourth street, a few doors below Shippen. It appears that there were two young men, relatives we understood, one named Hugh Mooney, playing with a gun at the door. Mooney was just in the act of descending the steps, when he jestingly observed, "Don't shoot me Jimmy."

At that instant the trigger was accidentally or thoughtlessly pulled, and a load was discharged into the head of the unfortunate Mooney which carried away the whole upper portion of the skull. He was immediately raised from the pavement and carried into the house, where the greatest distress and excitement prevailed in consequence of the deplorable event.

The coroner arrived about half past 9 o'clock, and immediately assembled a jury. After due consideration, the jury brought in the following verdict: "That the said Hugh Mooney came to his death by being accidentally shot with a rifle in the hands of James Leech, August 1st, 1844.—[Phil. Ledger]

WHIG CONVENTION.—The following are the two additional delegates elected to the State Convention from New York city, viz JOHN C. HAMILTON and ABRAHAM R. LAWRENCE.

The Daily Mercury, published at Bangor, which has heretofore advocated the cause of free trade, has hoisted the flag of Clay and Frelinghuysen.

MELANCHOLLY ACCIDENT. Death of the Rev. Palmer Dyer, son of Mr. Edward Dyer of this town.—Rev. Mr. Dyer with a party of ladies left Keeseville (N. Y.) about 4 o'clock P. M., on Thursday last to visit a spot about two miles distant, remarkable for its majestic scenery, where the river Ausable runs by perpendicular rocks which rise to the height of 100 feet on both sides. In attempting to assist one of the ladies over a bridge of poles he lost his balance and fell backwards about fifteen feet into the current, he rose and continued with his head above the surface apparently struggling with the stream, until he was carried beyond the view of those who were looking on, without being able to assist him. His body was not found until Saturday afternoon in 35 feet of water; his watch had stopped at 20 minutes past 4. Thus in less than half an hour, from the time he left the house of his friends in Keeseville; he ceased to be numbered among the living.

RUTLAND CLAY CLUB. An adjourned meeting of the Clay Club will be held at the Court House on Friday Evening, August 9th, when it is expected that Mr. Ormsbee will reply to the remarks of Mr. Strong, made at West Rutland on Thursday evening last. The citizens generally and ladies particularly are invited to attend. M. G. EVERTS, Sec.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT. The Democrats of the first Congressional District, are hereby notified to meet at the Town Hall, at Factory Point, in Manchester, on Wednesday the 14th day of August next at 10 o'clock A. M. to nominate a Candidate to represent them in the next Congress. All so to nominate a Candidate for Elector a President and Vice President of the United States. CHAS. CHAPIN, J. C. DEXTER, SAM'L AMES, Committee. July 27th 1844.

CONSUMPTION.—In its confined and incipient stages, cough, asthma, croup and liver complaint, form by far the most fatal class of diseases known to our land. Yet even these may be cured by means of the simple yet powerful medicine that is scattered wherever those maladies prevail.

Astoria's Balm of Wild Cherry is the concentrated essence of those remedies.—It has cured croup, asthma, pneumonia, liver complaint, croup, &c., in innumerable cases, where all other medical means have failed.

In the first stages of the disease, termed "Catarrhal Consumption," originating from "neglected COLDS," it has been used with undeviating success, and hundreds acknowledge the value of the remedy.

In that form of "Consumption" so prevailing among young females, commonly termed "debility," "GOING INTO A DECLINE."

A complaint with which thousands are laboring it has also proved highly successful, and not only possesses the power of checking the progress of this alarming complaint, but also strengthens and invigorates the system more effectually than any medicine we have ever possessed.

For sale by DANIEL & BELL, Rutland Vt.

MUSIC TUITION.

Piano-Forte, Organ & Singing.

W. M. PEASE, Professor and Teacher of the science and practice of music, from cities of London, Boston and New York, respectfully acquaints the citizens of Rutland County and its vicinity, that having received the appointment of Professor of Music to the Troy Conference Academy, West Poutney, he respectfully gives notice that the next (Fall Term) of this Institution commences August 25th. Terms for music, Piano-Forte and singing, \$10 per quarter, organ the same.—The price is fixed at ten dollars, so that persons wishing to obtain a finished musical education can receive it, without being obliged to go to large cities to obtain the same at a greater expense. The subscriber having received his musical education in the city of London under several of the first masters (for seven years) warrants him in saying to all wishing his instructions in this science that they will receive a thorough musical education on the most scientific principles. The subscriber would also say, that the Troy Conference Academy is in the most flourishing condition. The Faculty consists of six experienced Professors—and the board as low as at any other Institution of the kind in this County.

Dated at TROY CONFERENCE ACADEMY, West Poutney, 1844. 32-31

STATE OF VERMONT. } BE it remembered that at a special probate court held at Rutland within and for said district on the 26th day of July, 1844.

Present, Wm. Hall, Judge.

Moses Perkins, administrator of the estate of Asa Hale, late of said Rutland, deceased, intestate, having made application to said court representing that the personal estate of said deceased is insufficient to pay the debts and expenses of administration by about the sum of \$5000 00, and praying said court to grant him license to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as will raise that sum;

It is ordered that said application be referred for hearing and decision to the first Monday being the 2d day of September next, and that a copy of this order be published in the Rutland Herald, a newspaper printed at Rutland, three weeks successively, previous thereto, that all persons interested may appear and give bonds for the payment of said debts and expenses or otherwise object to the same if they see cause. A true copy of record, 32-34 HENRY HALL, Register.

STATE OF VERMONT. } BE it remembered that at a probate court held at Rutland within and for said district on the 30th day of July, 1843.

Present, Wm. Hall, Judge.

John Bryant, administrator upon the estate of Edmund Bryant, late of Mountholly in said district, deceased, intestate, having made application to said court for license to sell all the real estate of said deceased, consisting of six acres of land, with the buildings thereon, situated in said Mountholly, encumbered with the dower of Anna Graves therein, and also two pews in Mountholly South Meeting House, representing that the sale thereof would be beneficial to those interested therein, and the heirs in this State by themselves and guardian having consented thereto in writing;

It is ordered that said application be referred for hearing and decision to the first Monday being the 2d day of September next, and that a copy of this order be published in the Rutland Herald, a newspaper printed at Rutland, three weeks successively, previous thereto, that all persons interested may appear and object to the same if they see cause. A true copy of record, 32-34 HENRY HALL, Register.

STATE OF VERMONT. } BE it remembered that at a special probate court held at Rutland within and for said district on the 1st day of August, 1843.

Present, Wm. Hall, Judge.

Jacob Button Jr., administrator of the estate of Eliza Button, late of Wallingford in said district, deceased, intestate, having made application to said court, in writing representing that the sale of all the real estate of said deceased, consisting of the reversion of the dower of the widow of said deceased, containing about thirty-six acres and three quarters of land, with the appurtenances thereof, and praying said court to grant him license to sell the same, and the heirs of said deceased, residing in this state, having by themselves and guardians consented thereto in writing;

It is ordered that said application be referred for hearing and decision to the first Monday being the 3d day of September next, and that a copy of this order be published three weeks successively, previous thereto, in the Rutland Herald, a newspaper printed at Rutland, that all persons interested may appear and object to the same if they see cause. A true copy of record, 32-34 HENRY HALL, Register.

STATE OF VERMONT. } BE it remembered that at a probate court held at Castleton within and for said district on the 25th day of July, 1844.

Present, A. Warner, Judge.

Isabod Marshall administrator of the estate of Timothy Marshall, late of Poutney in said district, having petitioned said court in writing, for license to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as will raise the sum of \$578.54 for the payment of the debts of said estate; charges of administration, setting forth that the debts against said estate and charges of administration to be \$1251 43 and 652 79 of personal property to pay the same.

It is ordered that the hearing and deciding on said petition be at a session of said court to be held at the probate office in Castleton, on the 4th day of September next, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing this order three weeks successively previous to said time of hearing, in the Rutland Herald, a newspaper printed in Rutland. A true copy of Record, 31-33 A. B. F. LANGDON, Register.

STATE OF VERMONT. } BE it remembered that at a probate court held at Castleton within and for said district on the 25th day of July, A. D. 1844.

Present, A. Warner, Judge.

Charles F. Edgerton, one of the heirs of the estate of Daniel Clark late of Pawlet, in said district deceased, having petitioned said court for a partition and distribution of said estate among the heirs of said estate;

It is ordered by the court that the hearing and deciding on said petition be at a session of said court to be held on the 4th day of September next, at the probate office in said Castleton, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order three weeks successively previous to said time of hearing, in the Rutland Herald, a newspaper printed in Rutland.

A true copy of Record, 31-33 A. B. F. LANGDON, Register.

Notice.

THIS is to certify that I have this day given my son, Sterling B. F. Clark the remaining part of his minority, and shall claim none of his wages, nor pay any debts of his contracting after this date.

CALEB E. CLARK. 30-32
Clarendon, July 1, 1844.

Notice.

BROKE into the enclosure of the Sub- member on or about the 17th inst. a White Hog, thin of flesh, tail uncut. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

G. C. RUGGLES.

Notice.

I HEREBY certify that I have given to my son Eleazer Grover, the remaining part of his minority, and that he is free to act and trade for himself and that I shall not claim any of his wages nor pay any of his debts after this date.

BERIAH G. GROVER
Wallingford, July 10th 1844. 31-33

COLERIDGE.

FOR sale by Barrett & Co. (agents for Vermont) a Review of Coleridge and the moral tendency of his writings.

Rutland July 29, 1844. 31-33

IN CHANCERY. } Sept. Term, 1844.
Rutland, ss.

SILAS GIDDINGS, et al. } Gideon Fenn & Grose L. Smith, both of Rutland, in the County of Rutland, have this 24th day of July, A. D. 1844 filed their bill of complaint in this Court against Silas Giddings and Rachel Giddings of said Rutland, Louis Bates of Ira, Harris Bates, Amey Bates and Hopey Bates of Benson, all in said County of Rutland, Roswell Bates of Cural in the County of McHenry and State of Illinois, and David Bates of Hampton, in the County of Washington and State of New York, complaining that Daniel Harris of said Rutland died in 1781 bequeathing to Elisabeth Harris and the heirs of her body 100 acres of land lying east of where he had lived, and in the 2nd division of lands in said town; that said Elisabeth married Christopher Bates, and said Christopher and Elisabeth sold to said Gideon 15 acres of said land for 200 dollars and to Daniel Bates 10 acres of said land for 20 dollars; that said Christopher and Elisabeth executed an instrument purporting to be a deed to said Gideon of said 15 acres, with the usual covenants, except that they through inadvertence neglected to seal the same, and delivered the same to said Gideon as a perfect deed, the same containing the usual covenants of warrants and seizin; that they executed to said Daniel Bates, a deed with like covenants of said 10 acres; that said Gideon and Daniel Bates paid said Christopher and Elisabeth the sums for which said premises were sold as aforesaid, and said Christopher and Elisabeth, being destitute of other sufficient means expended said sums in the maintenance and education of their children; that at the time of said contract of purchase by said Gideon the premises were incumbered by a State tax; and that said Gideon did off the premises so purchased by him at the vendue of lands on said tax, and that the Collector conveyed the same to said Gideon; that said collector had pursued all the steps requisite to make said sale valid, but that a record of his proceedings could not be found in the Town Clerk's office in said Rutland; that the title of said Gideon under said deeds to between 7 and 8 of said 15 acres, and the title of said Daniel Bates to said 10 acres become vested in the said Grose L. Smith; that said Elisabeth deceased in 1832 and said Christopher in 1836; that during their lives, neither they nor any one under them preferred any complaint or molested the orators in the enjoyment of said premises; and that the orators and those under whom said Grose claims have greatly improved the premises; that defendants claiming to be the children and heirs of said Elisabeth and pretending only for the life of said Christopher have commenced an action of ejectment against the Orators for the recovery of the said premises; and praying that said suit might be enjoined, and said instrument executed by said Christopher and Elisabeth to said Abner and the said collectors deed, be established as good deeds, &c.

It appearing that said Roswell Bates and David Bates reside out of this State, so that a subpoena cannot be served upon them, it is ordered that they be required to appear at the trial of this court next to be holden at Rutland in and for said County of Rutland on the 2nd Tuesday of September A. D. 1844 and make answer to said bill; and that they be notified thereof by publishing this order including the substance of said bill in the Rutland Herald, a newspaper printed in said Rutland, three weeks successively, the last of which shall be at least twenty days previous to the commencement of said term.

31-33 F. W. HOPKINS, Clerk.
S. H. & E. F. HONORS, Solicitors.

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A true copy of Record, 31-33 A. B. F. LANGDON, Register.

DRAPER, ALDRICH, & FRANK,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN DOMESTIC & FOREIGN DRY GOODS. No. 67 Liberty street, (near Broadway) NEW-YORK.

KEEP constantly on hand, as extensive an assortment of Staple and Fancy Goods as can be found in the city, a large proportion of which are specially adapted to the VERMONT TRADE.

Merchants visiting New York are requested to call, and prices will be found satisfactory to the.

CLOSEST CASH BUYERS.

The advertisers are watchful to take every advantage in the fluctuations of the largest markets, and enjoying the benefits of great business facilities with long experience, are prepared to offer.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS to purchasers who are obliged to contend with the strongest competition. 28-34

ORMSBEE & EDGERTON, PARTNERS IN THE Practice of the Law, RUTLAND, Vt.

OFFICE OVER DANIELS AND BELL'S STORE. Edgar L. Ormsbee, Edwin Edgerton.

SABBATH SCHOOL, BIBLE AND TRACT DEPOSITORY.—A full assortment of the Publications of the American Sunday School Union, Massachusetts S. S. Union, Protestant Episcopal S. S. Union, American Tract Society, and American Bible Society, always on hand and for sale at New York, Boston, and Philadelphia catalogue prices.

We have also on hand a large assortment of Theological, Devotional, Practical, Biographical, Missionary and Religious Books suitable for Sabbath Schools and for general reading.

All of which will be sold at the lowest prices. Catalogues furnished gratis. Particular attention paid to furnishing Sabbath School, Church and private Libraries.

YOUNG & HARTT, Booksellers and Stationers, 216 River-st. Troy, N. Y. 27-40

Lead Pipe and Improved Pumps.

THE subscriber informs the public that he continues to manufacture Lead Pipe at Granville Corners, Washington County, N. H. and will furnish any quantity at short notice. He will also furnish and put up pumps of different descriptions, on such conditions as cannot fail to satisfy purchasers.

Having had long experience in the business, he will be able to sell Pipe and Pumps cheaper than can be obtained of the same quality from any other establishment.

JAMES F. ESTEY.
Granville, March 27, 1844. 13-84

NEW STORE—NEW FIRM NEW GOODS.

BRINSMID & BROTHERS, Successors to PANGBORN & BRINSMID, BURLINGTON, VT.

ARE prepared to sell at the lowest Boston or New York prices, at wholesale or retail, WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, GEMSTONES, SILVER, PLATED, BRASS and other Metal Goods, Gold Thimbles, Spectacles, Chains, Rings, Pins, Brooches, and all Goods in the line; and besides the FINEST description of Goods, we are keeping a great variety of Goods at wholesale, to supply peddlers and others to sell again, and we invite calls and orders from abroad, assuring our customers that they will find the Goods low, and of the quality they are sold for.

We import Goods, or buy them wherever we can get them to advantage, and shall sell as cheap as we can give customers satisfaction.

Orders from a distance attended to promptly, and as good bargains given, to say the least as by personal application. Clocks or Watches by the box or single. We are agents for the Diamond pointed Gold Pens, Fly Nets for horses, and Morrison's Pills.

We have Willow Ware, Combs, Brushes, Housekeeping Articles, Razors and other Cutlery, Communion Furniture, Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Stocks, Scarfs, Collars, Suspensers, &c.

We have Dressing Cases, Work Boxes, Musical instruments, Bass and Double Bass Viols, Melodians, and much smaller instruments and Musical Merchandise.

In short, we would just say that we have a very extensive and varied assortment of American, English, German and Paris FANCY ARTICLES, and we are fully aware that the way to sell them is to put them so low that Boston or New York will not be a more favorable place to buy them. We buy for cash, and sell for cash. Our customers can buy as cheap here as at any other place. If any one chooses to send us the cash for a Gold or Silver Watch, from a distance, or any other article, and leave the selection to us, they shall have an article worth the money sent, and if it does not suit it can be exchanged. Our Silver Spoons are made in our own shop.

Particular attention paid to fine Watch repairing.

BRINSMID & BROTHERS, 21-33 Burlington, Vermont.

FOR SALE, ONE mile from Castleton village 300 acres of land 80 cleared, 200 of which, for variety, quality and quantity of timber unequalled in the town, on the above lot are 700 pine trees.

ALSO, Forty thousand feet pine lumber for sale by N. HOIT. Castleton, July 16th, 1844. 31-33

Rutland & Addison Insurance Company.

AT a Meeting of the Directors of said Company, held at their office on the 2nd day of July, 1844, the following assessments were made to pay the losses for the year ending 1st July, 1844:

On notes in force on the 12th February, 1844, 31-2 per cent.
On notes in force on the 25th August, 1844, 1-4 " "

In the whole, 31-4 " "

Which assessments were ordered to be collected and paid to the Treasurer, on or before the 25th of August, 1844.

By order of the Directors, E. JUNE, Treasurer.

Brandon, July 29, 1844.

Notice.

THIS is to certify, that by mutual agreement I have this day given my son Lorenzo Leonard, a minor, his time, and henceforth permit him to contract for himself, and I shall not claim his wages, or be accountable for his debts.

SIMON LEONARD, Wallingford, July 13, 1844.